Vermont Community Broadband Board Meeting Tuesday, July 18th, 2023, 08:00am - 12:00pm

Approved Minutes

I. Meeting Call to Order, Roll Call, & Approval of Agenda

Patty Richards called the meeting to order at 08:10 and completed roll call.

- Patty Richards, Chair (Remote)
- Laura Sibilia (Remote)
- Brian Otley (Remote)
- Holly Groschner (Remote)
- Dan Nelson (Remote)
- Christine Hallquist Staff (Remote)
- Robert Fish Staff (Remote)
- Alissa Matthews Staff (Remote)
- Toni Clithero Staff (Remote)
- Steven Zubkoff Staff (Remote)
- Britaney Watson Staff (Remote)
- Hunter Thompson Staff (Remote)
- Herryn Herzog Staff (Remote)
- Lucy Rogers Staff (Remote)
- Kristin Brynga Staff (Remote)
- Chance Payette Staff (Remote)

Patty Richards made a motion to approve the agenda with a suggested change of adding a section for "Ex Parte communications" by Holly Groschner. Inserting the requested topic immediately after this section.

II. **Ex Parte Communication**

Discussion between Patty, Holly, and Christine focused on what items should be acted on during the public meeting versus what items had been properly warned. Patty will look into the procedural aspect with Robert's Rules of Order to assist with determining what the Board should be discussing when items for discussion have not been warned. Laura mentioned scheduling Board meetings twice a month instead of the current once a month meeting. Brian thought if more meetings were to be scheduled, they would have to be only an hour to an hour and a half in duration as the current four-hour blocks are difficult to clear, Dan echoed once a month meetings and maintaining flexibility if other meeting were needed to deal with a particular issue. Patty agreed with maintaining the once-a-month schedule and adding additional meetings if necessary. Dan mentioned the potential of sub-committees to address some of Laura's concerns and discuss policies. Dan also mentioned adding a discussion regarding safety concerns and construction.

Approval of June 10th Meeting Minutes III.

Tabled until August 14th meeting.

IV. Accountability Policy for Grants - Holly Groschner and Laura Sibilia

Patty commended the effort put forth by Holly and Laura in developing this policy, Laura recognized the work done by Toni Clithero. Holly began the presentation regarding the Policy, see attached slides, noting an important part of the policy.

- Addressing the payout process as follows: 30% on execution, have a performance
 payments up to 30% based on the approval of the grant manager and then after completion
 of 50% of the projects that you can have 60% of the payments out it appears, but there is up
 to 90% available at 50% of the project and then 10% upon compliance and testing.
- Dan mentioned adding Indicators to Performance. Holly continued with stating page five established standards for recouping of grant funds and transferring ownership of grant-funded network assets if a grantee materially fails to comply with the terms and conditions of a grant. and it's really up to the VCBB to determine how much of the grant funds should be recouped. Of course, based on recommendation of staff, but I think one of the things we need to know and it's an item for the parking lot is what is the process staff is following for review. The Board would like to see a presentation from staff on the process of grant review. added to the parking lot.
- Open architecture is required, as this is public money, and it was the intent that the networks have an open architecture policy. This is undrafted and deserves maybe the same subcommittee that Dan is leading could pick this up. Dan commented that the policy should enable the staff to do approvals because a lease or an assignment or an IRU with the service provider in that territory, we wouldn't want that to conflict with what's intended here so that the Board does not need to approve this. Patty supports the secondary lien approach, making sure we get feedback from VCUDA and the CUDs on this item because it's imperative we don't hold up the lending capability.
- Next, continuity of service, and this requires some reporting from the CUDs and this is an obligation on our part and to make sure there's uninterrupted broadband service I think it's only appropriate that when we're looking at the standard of availability, we also have the opportunity to tap consumer complaints that are registered with the Department of Public Service. This requires an annual submission by CUDs. Staff would have to develop what that submission looks like, more than a one pager, that goes to the standards that are adopted here. Creating an operating agreement that ensures the performance meets the standards and how it will be enforced. Based on subsection B. Add this to the parking lot and please note that the CUDs and VCUDA should take an active role.
- Prohibit the sale or transfer grant funded network assets without the prior written approval of the Board for projects funded by the grant. This item should be added to the parking lot as well.
- Allow an applicant to seek reconsideration of a Board or staff decision.
- Ensure Project Completion within 24 months of the date of the grant unless the term of the grant is extended by decision of the VCBB for cause.
- Comply with Administrative Bulletin #5 and 3.5. 8086H1 requires CUDs borrow funds for
 personal financing and to provide written notice to the VCBB in the event that the CUD
 becomes aware that it's at risk of financial insolvency. This should be added to the parking
 lot. CUDs have annual auditing requirements.
- Sunset Provisions, a request from Holly to form a subcommittee to discuss the sunset provisions and what legislative initiatives or interagency activity needs to happen to address the sunset provisions including continued monitoring of public interest.
- The implied accountability for the VCBB to protect the public interest. The priority is given for universal service and geographic distribution of funds. This is something that staff has implemented, in the grant process, but we need to state that we're looking at 8086 B in making grant decisions across the grant making program as a whole, not on a one-to-one comparative basis, it's implied in the in the language of the act that we're going to have 12 grants lined up, and we're going to pick the ones that give priority to universal service and

geographic distribution funds. Clarification on the implication is important moving forward. Adding this to the parking lot to ensure priority is given to addresses, we have made a policy decision to prioritize addresses on the grid. That does not satisfy the totality of the directions of the act, but that's definitely within our authority to determine that grid-connected addresses are the are a priority in making the grants, and that policy has to be stated here. Dan noted that the implied accountability requirements to protect the public interest is where the language is for prioritization of on-grid locations.

- Leverage existing private resources and assets with the high priority given to partnerships between CUDs and a distribution utility. There should not be a need for a policy that's prioritizing partnerships between CUDs and distribution utilities.
- Project Readiness is incorporated already by the viable business plan requirement and is already part of the grant application process.
- Provide broadband service that complies with net neutrality and consumer protection standards. A certification of each grantee annually that it meets the service conditions described in subsection 348B and subsequent section 348V. This is currently a voluntary consumer standard certification, but we would like grant recipients to be obligated to make those certifications and incorporate in the standards that are set for 348B for all of the lifetime of those assets. The subcommittee should look more into the criteria and what is a reasonable indicator of service and also is enforceable.
- Support low income or disadvantaged communities. What we've chosen to do is to rely on
 universal services. So this is really a basic policy that suggests that if you feel that there is a
 grantee that is avoiding service to certain people or areas that seem to fit a profiling
 problem, you could appeal to the VCBB because this policy is in place.
- Promote geographic diversity of fund allocations is in the Statute, but it's already addressed at -8086B, noting that it's addressed.
- Provide consumers with affordable service options, this is a call to create an outreach and equity plan for the inclusion of low-income households. So, we're asking for an outreach and equity plan, and I think we're going to need to create standards for those plans. Please add to the parking lot of what those plans should entail, but this is about evolving best practices.
- Include public broadband assets that can be shared by municipal service providers that can support a variety of public purposes. Open Architecture reference.
- Under this section, VCBB Board will not accept self-certification by the applicant or grantee
 to establish accountability for the public interest obligations of construction and operation,
 assets paid for and more in part by the Community Broadband Fund. Further details will be
 developed in connection with the work relating to the sunset provisions.

Laura made the motion to pause grants until the VCBB adopts these policies, seconded by Holly. Discussion included set a special meeting for July 28th to specifically address this policy. There was a suggestion put forward by Christa Shute to consider we act on the NEK and the Maple Grant today, with the caveat that the issuance of the grants today, if approved, would be subject to any policies that are adopted by the VCBB.

For the special meeting on the 28th, all board members are available at 08:00 with a hard stop at 11:00 for Dan.

The Board heard from Rob Vietzke from VCUDA. Rob will work on providing a list of statements that they would want to focus on.

Laura suggested the VCBB include VCUDA and the CUDs on the subcommittees to develop VCBB Policies.

Moving forward with the scheduled special meeting on the 28th, Laura said she would be happy to withdraw and that the Board proceed with these two grant applications, hearing them and making decisions on them.

Laura withdrew her motion and Holly concurred with the withdrawal as the seconder of the

The motion is no longer on the table, No further action required.

Submissions or comments to be considered on the special meeting on the 28th must arrive to Toni by the 24th by noon.

V. BEAD Initial Proposal & Five-Year-Plan. – Lucy Rogers and Vernonburg Group See attached presentation slides.

Lucy Rogers introduced the BEAD Initial Proposal and the Five-Year plan and answered questions form the Board on the differences. Lucy introduced Breese McIlvaine from the Vernonburg Group. Breese explained Vermont is working toward this vision through coordinating, facilitating, supporting, and accelerating community broadband solutions. Outlined in the five-year action plan five goals for this effort.

- The first is mobilized resources for end-to-end fiber broadband infrastructure deployments to all unserved and underserved locations and community anchor institutions, then also ensuring sustainable community-driven solutions across the entire state.
- We also want to ensure high-speed broadband services and devices are affordable and advance digital equity for all Vermonters, and an advanced workforce development for broadband and the digital economy, and also improve socioeconomic conditions across Vermont.

As part of the plan, we include information about the current state in Vermont for our broadband access, broadband deployment, adoption, affordability and broader digital equity.

And so in the plan, you'll see some description of needs and gaps as well as assets in the state of Vermont around these areas. And just to call out a few that are familiar to you.

- about 20% of households in Vermont lack access to 100 by 20 megabits per second broadband connectivity
- of the Vermont households that are eligible for a for ACP, the affordable connectivity program, only 17% are have enrolled so far, and 23,000 approximately Vermont households have access to the Internet but can't afford it right now. This includes both mobile phone and broadband service.

Laura asked for a list of who is receiving those subsidies in the state of Vermont by company. Lucy will work with Vernonburg to pass it along to the VCBB members.

Christine and Board members commended the work from Vernonburg. Patty asked about deadlines for comments from the Board, Lucy responded with if there's any comment that you feel you absolutely need to discuss with us prior to the posting of the rough draft for public comment, we need to have that conversation by the end of the day today.

As far as comments, we will continue taking comments from Board members as we take comments from the public as well and the deadlines are August 02, 2023 for the 5-year action plan and August 18, 2023 for the Draft Initial Proposal.

Moved to after the Grant Proposals, items VII and VIII

\$516,000 was granted by the State to the Department of Labor. Other Agencies are not able to take on this grant due to staffing issues. So we've got the training being carried out by the Fiber Broadband Association and that we're using their training package and the Wireless Infrastructure Administration already manages these apprenticeship programs. Office of Professional Regulation should be contacted. Holly pointed out that we need to approve this now because otherwise we're waiting a whole year to initiate or continue this training program that we had planned to do.

Patty Richards put a motion on the table that we approve the acceptance of a grant from the Vermont State University of \$516,000, subject to Christine pursuing the OPR Certification, Office of Professional Regulation. Holly Groschner seconded. No further discussion. Holly, Laura, and Patty all voted in favor, Dan and Brian were absent for the vote.

VII. NEK Broadband Grant Proposal- Christa Shute

Construction Grant Awarded: \$20,865,889 Grant Amendment requested: \$17,939,636 Total Amended amount: \$38,805,525

Total miles of construction: 499'

Premises passed 6693 (4538 eligible)

Board discussion ensued for clarifying questions regarding expended funding, flooding, and skipped unserved addresses. Unserved addresses were intentionally left for BEAD funding.

Patty Richards put a motion on the table to approve the NEK broadband grant request of \$17,939,636 subject to VCBB policies including future policies. Motion was seconded by Holly Groschner. No further Discussion. Holly, Laura, Dan and Patty all voted in favor. Brian was absent for the vote.

VIII. Maple Broadband Grant Proposal- Ellie de Villiers

Existing Grant \$8,686,000 Current Grant Request \$2,157,386 Increase miles from 180.6 to 244.3.

Increase addresses passed from 1,188 to 2,748.

Add service in portions of Vergennes, Ferrisburgh, New Haven, Monkton, and Waltham.

Board discussion ensued for clarifying questions regarding expended funding, flooding, and areas that are already served are not included. Costs were reduced per mile, Ellie shared that lower construction costs were lower than projected.

Patty Richards put a motion on the table to approve the Maple Broadband grant request of \$2,157,386, subject it to being consistent or subject to VCBB current and future policy. Seconded by Holly Groschner. No further discussion. Holly, Laura, Dan and Patty all voted in favor. Brian was absent for the vote.

IX. VCUDA Update – Rob Vietzke

 Rob Vietzke reported that the public comment process that's opening up is really important, for information, VCBB sent out a 52 question RFI a month or so ago. VCUDA responded with 43 pages of comments to those 52 questions, and frankly we were concise. But there is a lot of detail and nuance in the way these programs need to be implemented in order to protect the public trust and make sure we maintain the community broadband aspect of the programs through BEAD.

- We also sent out a RFP for a strategist to assist with BEAD commentary and to help the CUDs with that, and we have a contractor that we were planning to bring in in August as a shared service to help us through both the comment period for volume 2 with some expertise and the way the NTIA thinks about these things as well as to help us through the application process and the competitive grant process.
- We accepted an offer yesterday afternoon for an associate program coordinator, so that will be a full-time staffer joining VCUDA in mid-August, and that's kind of the first piece of the shared services infrastructure that we're working on.
- Finance Committee is working on a request for information related to the Shared Treasurer and some of the financial support services, as well as HR as an expanded scope.
- We are starting to have a number of conversations about financing that matches up to both the letter of credit and the minimum 25% match criteria for bead.
- We're talking about legislation for 2024 and of course, reactions to the five-year plan and volume one and the challenge process.
- We have received a draft MOU from Green Mountain Power related to the tariff rider credit extension, which is up next March and we have replied with comments.
- We think it's a really constructive set of agreements that will increase the partnership between Green Mountain Power and the CUDs and so that's not done yet, but it's really on a good track in terms of creating some new opportunities, extending the tariff rider credit, and increasing the way that tariff rider credit can be used across make-ready applications.

X. Staff Updates

Moved to after the Public Comments, item XII

- General Counsel Toni Clithero
 - Executive session? Toni would like to recommend that the Board essentially adopt each of the proposals, the five-year plan, the initial proposal volume one and two, and then it will be the final proposal, but each one of these particular deliverables is going to ultimately constitute this new program that the Board is going to be administering. And so based on the Board's authority under 8084 A to have approval authority with respect to program design, I think it's imperative for the Board you do more than just provide comments, but to actually have a formal adoption of each of these deliverables.
- General VCBB Updates Rob Fish
 - Weekly reports have been provided to the Board.
 - New staff: Steven as our broadband project developer, Chance as our Administrative services 3 and Britaney as our Digital Equity Officer. We will do a more formal introduction at a later meeting to save time today.
 - We officially received our rejection letter from the NTI Middle Mile grant program.
 This was expected. We are still waiting to do a feedback session with the NTIA to
 find out exactly why. Our initial impression is most of the grants that were
 approved had well over 50% match, which was way in excess of what was
 required.
 - This does open up the question of the Budget Adjustment Act. Last year, \$30 million was provided for the middle mile or other federal programs as match. So we are examining any changes that would be required or ways to leverage those funds to solve some of the other issues related to BEAD. Potentially also in regard to those other issues regarding BEAD with the letter of credit proposal

that we had submitted to the Treasurer for the Local Investment Advisory Committee, it's not going to be evaluated as a result of the funding. They're switching their focus entirely to housing and to flood relief, which is understandable.

- CUD Progress Updates Lucy Rogers
 - We are expecting up to four applications for the August meeting.
 - Received a question if there is a possibility to transfer money from their preconstruction allocation into their construction allocation. Staff is reviewing for precedence. Ultimately, this will be decided by the Board.
- Communications & Media Herryn Herzog
 - We have had a lot of media attention, and since our last meeting in June, we had several stories about our listening sessions we held across the state. We got a lot of coverage on our \$229 million federal BEAD allocation. I think I counted 16 separate stories and then there was also a lot of media attention for ECFiber's celebration of completing the network in their 23 original town.

XI. Public Comment

No public comment.

XII. Parking Lot – Christine Hallquist

- Determine what restrictions exist for ex parte communications,
- Develop Construction Standards,
- Annual Report Submission List,
- Develop Grantee agreement that VCBB will operate the system in the event of failure to comply,
- Develop Lien for the VCBB funded network and components,
- Policy for certification of Grantee compliance to Performance and Operating Standards.

XIII. Confirm Next Regular Meeting 8/14, possible Special Meeting & Motion to Adjourn

Discussion about availability to attend the next Board meeting, all agreed the 8/14 meeting will work from noon to 4:00 pm. The special meeting will be held on July 28, 2023, starting at 08:00 am to 11:00 am. Patty made the motion to adjourn. The motion was approved. And at 3:46 the meeting adjourned.

Press inquiries; please contact Herryn Herzog, herryn.herzog@vermont.gov (802) 522-3396.

POLICY EXPRESSLY REQUIRED BY LAW

- Project Readiness and Grant Accountability Assurance.
- 2. Engineering Standards for Reliability, Resilience and Interoperability.
- 3. Recouping Grant Funds.
- 4. Transfer of Grant-Funded Assets.
- 5. Continuity of Service.
- 6. Authorized Ownership Transfers.
- 7. Anticipated Default, Notice
- 8. Appeal.
- 9. Completion Period.
- 10. Sunset and Transferability

POLICY NECESSARY TO PUBLIC INTEREST AND PURPOSE

- 1. Priority of Universal Service and Geographic Distribution of Funds.
- 2. Consumer Standards Certifications.
- 3. Low Income Inclusivity.
- 4. Affordable Service Planning and Reporting.
- 5. Prioritization of On-Grid Locations.
- 6. Prioritizing Fiber Plant.
- 7. [Additional Recommendations]

VCBB Staff Contact: Toni Clithero, Esq. 7-6-2023

Vermont Community Broadband Board - Working Draft 1 July 12, 2023

VCBB Accountability Policies 2023

Ensuring accountability for the public interest obligations of receiving grant funding pursuant to Act 71

Accountability Policies of the VCBB

Purpose: This set of policy statements of the VCBB intends to address its obligations to protect the public interest as anticipated by the Vermont Legislature in its passage of Act 71 (Chapter 91A of Title 30, Vermont Statutes Annotated), from the specific requirements of construction of a reliable broadband network to the broader objectives of municipal service. This set of policies addresses three questions:

- 1. What standards guarantee "public accountability for serving all Vermonters" applicable to the infrastructure built, in whole or in part, by the Vermont Community Broadband Fund?
- 2. What is the definition of accountability under Act 71 and who is held accountable?
- 3. How will the VCBB, or the State of Vermont, implement these policies to protect the public interest, and how can these accountability policies be enforced now and in the future?

Authority of the Board. The authority of the VCBB to enact this policy derives expressly and implicitly from 30 VSA §§8081, 8084, 8085, 8086, and 8089a.

Application of these Policies. The VCBB began awarding grants in 2021. These policies are intended to aggregate the obligations of the Community Broadband Fund grantees in one place and to clarify the policies of the VCBB. The obligation to hold grantees accountable for the public interest described in Act 71 is inherent in all grants issued by the VCBB under Act 71. Any exceptions or limitations to the application of these policies and the obligations for performance that they create are noted.

Accountability. These policies are designed to describe the scope of the public interest addressed by the legislature in Act 71, and clarify who is accountable for those results. The responsibility of the VCBB for administering the Community Broadband Fund requires that the VCBB plan for the intended public interest results and identify who will be accountable. Generally, those who receive distributions from the Community Broadband Fund will be accountable for the public interest the Fund is designed to deliver. The VCBB is accountable for ensuring that the Fund recipients are accountable for the public interest.

Duration and Transfer. Section 8089a of Title 30 expressly requires that the VCBB plan, by January 15, 2029, for the transfer of its legal obligations, including its obligation for the accountability of grant recipients or their successors, by recommending a designated State entity to assume such legal obligations or by recommending an extension on the statutory sunset clause applicable to the VCBB. While that recommendation is not made here, the VCBB recognizes accountability oversight is one of the legal obligations it must plan for.

Definitions. Unless defined in the policy statement or referenced standard, all terms in this policy statement have the meanings assigned to them in Act 71. The term "VCBB Board" is used throughout to indicate that the arbiter of application of this policy is a majority of the board of directors of the VCBB, appointed as provided in Act 71, unless such authority is expressly delegated to VCBB Staff or another designee.

Current Practice: nt Terms, RFP Certifications or Application Attestations	Proposed Board Policy
nt Terms, Krr Certifications of Application Attestations	
to Protect the Public Interest:	
)	
vides for payment of 30% on execution vides for performance payments of up to 30% upon mission and approval by Grant Manager of a detailed struction engineering design where x%=fiber miles included in portion of the design 6 is reimbursable for approved expenses with remaining pount of this 30% to be issued on completion of first 50% of ject miles estruction completion payment of 8% based on grant element re compliance at completion (all testing and mission of required reporting data) all payments totaling 2% upon submission of 6 and 12 month at project reporting and all required data ment B-Section 4 vides for payment of 1.7% on execution 6 due on completion of project; all 10% upon submission post-project reporting after 6 months function RFP requires applicants constructing private are to accept a maximum contract price and no payment until ified complete, whereas applicants building publicly owned are awards use an estimated price and provide for	Project Readiness and Grant Accountability – Assurance. The Board prefers to set a consistent grant disbursement program using incremental payments that are consistent among all grantees. Grant disbursements for construction grants require proof of project readiness and the financial preparedness of the grantee. (Construction and planning preparedness is the subject of grants under the Broadband Preconstruction Grant Program.) No grant funds shall be distributed without demonstration to VCBB staff of project readiness and financial preparedness, including acceptance of a viable business plan pursuant to Subsection 8086(d). Thereafter, grants shall be distributed according to the following (Maple) schedule: - 30% on execution - 30% on VCBB approval of the total engineering design for the approved construction - After completion of 50% of the project fiber miles, up to 30% of the grant funding is available to reimburse verified construction costs - 10% upon compliance with testing of the
v n s i k o juse nel t niv k el maritur	ides for payment of 30% on execution ides for performance payments of up to 30% upon nission and approval by Grant Manager of a detailed truction engineering design where x%=fiber miles included in portion of the design is reimbursable for approved expenses with remaining unt of this 30% to be issued on completion of first 50% of ect miles struction completion payment of 8% based on grant ement re compliance at completion (all testing and nission of required reporting data) I payments totaling 2% upon submission of 6 and 12 month project reporting and all required data ment B-Section 4 ides for payment of 1.7% on execution due on completion of project; I 10% upon submission post-project reporting after 6 months ection RFP requires applicants constructing private te to accept a maximum contract price and no payment until fied complete, whereas applicants building publicly owned

		revised approved business plan, and documentation requirements.
(2) Adopt industry- accepted engineering standard promoting reliability, resiliency and interoperability Minor change: State a policy for the intended results of engineering standards	Attachment A-Section 4b. Detailed Design-Both SoVT and Maple Requires compliance with Act 71 Outside Plant Design Standards; also restated in Section C (1) of Attachment A. Attachment A, 3(f) requires inclusion of industry-accepted standards for sustainability, redundancy or resiliency. These requirements are also listed at https://publicservice.vermont.gov/content/outside-plant-design-osp-requirements . NOTE: the above OPD provides guidance, but does not set specific standards.	Engineering Standards for Reliability, Resilience and Interoperability. The VCBB requires that all Community Broadband Fund grant-funded networks meet engineering standards that ensure reliable and resilient networks for delivery of broadband speeds of at least 100/100 gbps per location and ensure the network as constructed shall meet availability requirements of 99.9% or greater. Grantees shall also comply with applicable ANSI standards, construction regulations, and electrical codes adopted by the State of Vermont, and the Outside Plant Design standards (OPD) set by the VCBB as published at the time of the grant approval and incorporated into the grant. OPD standards shall provide engineering guidance and numeric technical standards for network construction to achieve resiliency, reliability, interoperability and open architecture, including but not limited to standards for the minimum number and type of fiber strands,

	Table of Proposed Accountability Policies - July 12, 2023			
new policy related to engineering	Table of Proposed Accountability Policies - July 12,	fiber sparing, allowable loss budget, growth planning, designated power supply and backup, PON splitter and OLT port per location, and the minimum drop budget. Grantees shall provide accurate as-built documentation and specifications for each network incorporating grant-funded assets. See Open Architecture Policy at 8086(b)(7)		
(3) Establish standards for recouping of grant funds and transferring ownership of grant-funded network assets if a grantee materially fails to comply with the terms and conditions of a grant See also 8086(c)(5) Change: Implement a policy for both recoupment and	Attachment B-Payment Section 6-Both SoVT and Maple If Grantee does not fulfill its obligations or violates the Agreement the State shall notify of the breach; 30 day cure period; State may set off and hold payments until cured. If no cure in 30 days, State may require grantee to immediately reimburse the State any portion of grant funds not expended or improperly expended, or retain any portion of grant or other funds due grantee equal to the reimbursement amount and may terminate with written notice Attachment D-SoVT-Contractor Breach, Errors and Omissions provision, any breach has to be corrected at no cost to the State	Recouping Grant Funds: The VCBB is obligated by law to ensure each grantee is accountable for the expenditures authorized in the grant, and to provide a means for recoupment in the event of nonperformance. If at any time prior to distribution of up to 100% of grant funds, VCBB staff determine that a grantee fails to meet the terms and conditions of a grant, staff shall provide written notice to the grantee and to the VCBB Board identifying the subject nonperformance. There shall be a cure period of 30 days from the date of the notice during which time grant funds shall not be distributed to the grantee. Grantee's failure to cure nonperformance may result in cancellation of the grant or recall of up to 100% of grant funds at the discretion of the VCBB		
transfer that include more enforceability through a lien or assignment that can be subordinated at the discretion of the VCBB Board.		Board and the sale of the network assets to another public network operator. The grantee may appeal staff decisions of grant noncompliance or nonperformance to the VCBB Board at a regularly scheduled public meeting within 60 days of the written notice. Transfer of Grant-Funded Assets. The VCBB is obligated by law to ensure that the assets constructed by each grantee meet the public interest objectives of Act 71, including but not limited to universal service and continuous operation of the assets constructed using the Community Broadband Fund. The grantee is accountable for the public interest results set by the policies of the VCBB Board and Act 71. The VCBB is		

Table of Proposed Accountability Policies - July 12,	2023
	obligated by law to provide a means to reclaim and
	transfer assets constructed using Community
	Broadband Funds if the terms of the grant are not
	met, including but not limited to the operation of the
	network in a manner that meets the public interest
	described in the VCBB's policies and Act 71.
	Therefore, prior to distribution of grant funds, the
	VCBB shall file a form UCC 1 with the Vermont
	Secretary of State, designating the name of the
	grantee, the miles of fiber and municipal location of
	the network construction, and specifying the State of
	Vermont as the lien holder subject to the terms of the
	grant and these accountability policies. It is the policy
	of the VCBB to subordinate its lien interest to the
	interest in title for purposes of securing financing that,
	in the discretion of the VCBB, is reasonably likely to
	meet the terms of the grantee's business plan and
	promote the sustainability of grant-funded network.
	The lien shall be released upon twenty years of
	operation of the network by grantee or such third
	party as the VCBB Board shall approve. The VCBB will
	summarize the grant terms and public interest
	accountability policies of the VCBB that attach to the
	operation of the network in the lien, and provide
	grantees with a form of agreement that provides the
	terms and effect of the lien. Should the VCBB exercise
	its rights under the lien, it shall have the right to
	transfer title to the network assets to a third-party
	public entity that is a communications union district
	or other public interest operator of broadband
	networks in lieu of recoupment of the grant funds. The
	grantee may appeal staff decisions of grant
	noncompliance or nonperformance to the VCBB Board
	at a regularly scheduled public meeting within 60 days
	of the written notice.

(4) Establish a continuity of operations plan applicable to a network owned by a CUD that, among other things, contemplates the Board assuming operational control of a network if necessary to maintain uninterrupted broadband service

See also 8086(h) —
notice of default

TBD

Change: Adoption of a Continuity Policy Requirement and notice of default. Continuity of Service. Reliability and interoperability are stated objectives of Act 71. The VCBB is obligated by law to provide an operations plan that assures operations of each network controlled by a CUD and funded by the Community Broadband Fund. Each grantee that is a CUD shall (a) annually prepare and submit to the VCBB a continuity plan that reasonably sets forth the operating requirements of the network, and (b) sign an agreement with the VCBB to allow the VCBB to assure operation of network assets in the event of a default on the obligations of the CUD or its operator of the network that threaten the continuity of service provided to customers, including but not limited to the right to designate a third party operator, at VCBB's discretion, to ensure operation of the network for a reasonable fee until continuity of service is assured and the reliability/ availability standards adopted by the VCBB are met. It is the policy and obligation of the VCBB to take such reasonable steps as it determines necessary, at the grantee's expense, upon ten days written notice from the date the VCBB Board determines that operation of the assets funded by the Community Broadband Fund do not deliver broadband service to the service area designated in the approved grant application that meet the VCBB availability/reliability standard of 99.9% or the VCBB receives notice of default pursuant to Subsection 8086(h). The VCBB Board shall receive any notices issued under Section 8086(h) of Title 30. The VCBB may consider consumer complaints of service outages received by the Department of Public Service as well as other third-party testing to determine continuity of service. Grantees shall prioritize service delivery during periods of default or bankruptcy, which obligation to operate shall survive the duration of the grant payout for a period of twenty years from the date of the grant award.

(5) Prohibit the sale or	The Construction PED requires applicants to cortify this requirement. See	Authorized Ownership Transfers. In order to ensure
• •	The Construction RFP requires applicants to certify this requirement. See	-
transfer of grant-funded	Eligibility Screening, Part 2, Section 6.	that ownership of grant-funded network assets are
network assets without		not sold, assigned or licensed without the written
the prior written		authorization of the VCBB Board, ownership of all
approval of the Board;		assets constructed with grants of the Community
See also 8086(c)(9)		Broadband Fund will be held in the name of the
		grantee and the assets shall be subject to a lien held
Change: Policy for		by the VCBB or the State of Vermont (see VCBB policy
Transfer required		30 VSA 8086(c)(3)).The VCBB Board, in considering a
(Current certification is		request to transfer any interest in title to the assets ,
not likely to be binding		shall act on the request within 30 days by review of
or actionable, and does		the transferee's ability and agreement to meet the
not set standard for		public interest obligations and surviving grant
approval of transfer)		contractual obligations that apply to assets funded by
		the Community Broadband Fund. Such transfer shall
		be subject to a new lien of the VCBB or the State of
		Vermont securing its interest pursuant to its policy
		granted by the transferee. It is the policy of the VCBB
		to subordinate its lien interest to the transfer of an
		interest in title to the funded assets for purposes of
		securing financing that, in the discretion of the VCBB,
		is reasonably likely to meet the terms of the grantee's
		or transferee's business plan and promote the
		sustainability of grant-funded network. This obligation
		to receive approval of transfer of an interest in title (of
		any kind) and the lien shall be released upon twenty
		years of operation of the network by grantee or such
		third party as the VCBB Board shall approve.
(6) Allow an applicant to	The Construction RFP provides for an appeal of an adverse Board decision	Appeal. Unless otherwise provided herein, it is the
seek reconsideration of	within 30 days	policy of the VCBB to hear an appeal by a grant
an adverse Board	, ,	applicant of any adverse decision of the VCBB
decision		(including but not limited to the Board) at the next
		regularly scheduled meeting of the VCBB Board that is
Change: Adoption of		at least 30 days, but not more than 60 days, from the
Appeal Policy Required		date of such adverse decision.
11.22.2.17.2.10.00		
	l	

Table of Proposed Accountability Policies - July 12, 2023			
(7) Ensure project completion within a reasonable period of time and consistent with applicable federal law and guidance Minor change – extension process (8) Comply with Administrative Bulletins No. 5 (Grant	Grant duration terms are reasonable and customary; RFP requires construction to be completed within 24 months Attachment B Section 9 for both SoVT and Maple imposes Administrative Bulletin 5 provisions with respect to Subgranting; Attachment C , Standard State Provisions for Contracts and Grants is included in all VCCB Grant	Completion Period. It is the policy of the VCBB that grants made under the Community Broadband Fund will be completed, including all requirements made for final payment and compliance with all federal and state grant requirements, within 24 months of the date of the grant unless the term of the grant is extended by decision of the VCBB Board for cause. No VCBB policy is required. These State contract provisions are incorporated into VCBB grants as required by law. In the event that the State Provisions	
Agreements) and 3.5 (Contracts) No policy required	Agreements.	conflict with federal grant requirements, the VCBB staff will seek guidance from the Attorney General and will advise the grantee and the VCBB Board in writing of any deviations from state protocols.	
Requires CUDs that borrow funds for the purposes of financing a broadband project to immediately provide written notice to the VCBB Board in the event the CUD becomes aware that it is at risk of financial insolvency or of defaulting on the payment of principal and interest		Potential Default, Notice and Recommendations. It is the policy of the VCBB to promptly provide written notice to the Governor, the Treasurer and the Joint Fiscal Committee upon receipt of such notice from a CUD, and to prepare recommendations and advice to ensure continued operability and potential transfer of title in the event that the potential default occurs and is not cured. The VCBB's policy is that in the event that such default results in the transfer of title to the funded network assets, the VCBB will consider the transfer of title subject to its policies as if the CUD or grantee had requested the transfer of title.	
Sunset Provisions (and Po	olicy Implementation – 8089(a)		
another appropriate State	for transferring its assets, liabilities, and legal and contractual obligations to e entity. The Board may include in its report a recommendation regarding of the Board beyond its statutory sunset date.	This provision impacts who holds the right/obligation to oversee accountability and exercise contractual rights.	

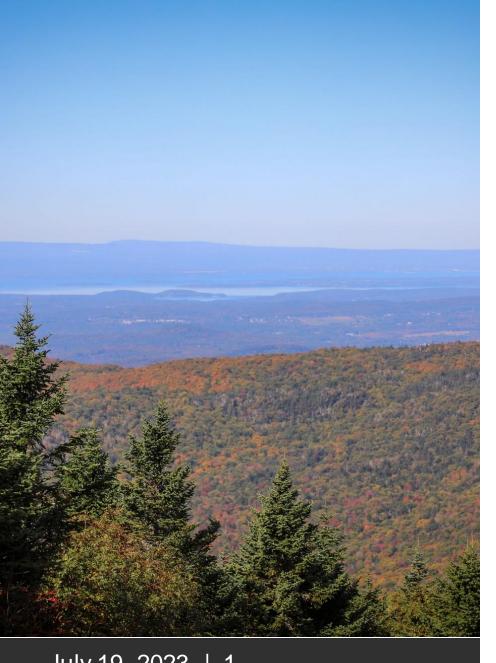
Implied Accountability of	the VCBB for the Public Interest	
Grant Evaluation Prioritie	s 8086(b)	
"The Board shall give priority" Change: Policy statement for how to deal with Subsection (b) "priorities" is needed – as proposed.	Each of these is included in the Construction RFP, Project Prioritization Number (3) is also included in Attachment A, Section 4(f)-Retail Broadband Service requirement for no data caps, or throttled data for at least 5 years from date of award for SoVT and Section (B)(4)(g) for Maple In addition, as part of the Master Services Agreement between SoVT and Consolidated, Schedule C includes additional consumer protection measures and also incorporates the FCC's affordability program. These provisions of Subsection 8086(b) require information to be collected in the grant process so that it can be considered. However, in order to "give priority" the VCBB would be required to consider Grant applications against each other. That has not been the reality of the grant process or the development of the CUDs.	Priority of Universal Service and Geographic Distribution of Funds. The policy of the VCBB is to consider the priorities stated in Subsection 8086(b) in making its grant decisions, and to examine them across the grant program as a whole, not on a comparative basis. All construction grants require a Universal Service Plan. [8086(a)] In order to address the over-arching objective of Universal Service as well as to ensure geographic diversity of Community Broadband Fund allocations the policy of the VCBB is to reserve an allocation for each geographic area represented by CUDs existing as of June 30, 2021, and to review grant applications in the context of those allocations in the order they are presented and designated by the VCBB as project ready and consistent with VCBB policy. In its annual report to the legislature the VCBB shall report on the application of these priorities through analysis of the grant funds awarded.
(1)Leverage existing private resources and assets, with a high priority given to partnerships between a communications union district and a distribution utility; No specific policy required		No new policy required. No applications have been presented that address this priority. All grant projects require collaboration with distribution utilities and are subject to Public Utility Commission pole attachment rules.
(2) Demonstrate project readiness		Project Readiness. Incorporated by reference into Board grant accountability policy at Subsection 8086(c)(1). Note that board policy incorporates a

Table of Proposed Accountability Policies - July 12, 2023			
Policy implemented		viable business plan as part of the demonstration of project readiness.	
(3) Provide broadband service that complies with the net neutrality and consumer protection standards of 3 V.S.A. 348 Change: This is an operations requirement that survives the grant payout.	[The status of the certification <i>process</i> by the Secretary of Administration proposed by 3 VSA 348 (2017) is unknown.]	Consumer Standards Certifications. The policy of the VCBB, to meet the public interest in consumer protection and service standards, is to require certification of each grantee annually that it meets the service conditions described in Subsection 348(b). The grantee receiving Community Broadband Funds, and any owner of assets paid for in part by such funds, shall certify to the Secretary of Administration, with copy to the VCBB or its designee, the terms and conditions of 3 VSA 348(b) for a period of 20 years from the date of the grant award. [NOTE: this does not address maintenance/ customer	
(4)Support low-income or disadvantaged communities; Change: This is both a design and operations requirement that survives the grant payout.	No activity supports this objective	Low Income Inclusivity. The policy of the VCBB is to implement Universal Service as required by the Act, including construction of broadband networks and provisioning of broadband service to all locations regardless of income or property value. No construction utilizing Community Broadband Funds shall avoid locations based on the actual or projected income of potential customers at such locations or to choose a design to overbuild existing service when an efficient design serving locations may be less profitable. The submission of proof of avoiding locations that are reasonably determined to be low income to the VCBB (or on its own investigation) may be grounds for violation of a grant agreement or disregard for the public interest obligations that survive the duration of the Community Broadband Grant for a period ofyears from the date of the grant award.	

	Table of Proposed Accountability Policies - July 12,	
(5) Promote geographic diversity of fund	This priority is addressed by the regional allocation of grant funds by CUD.	SEE policy proposed at 8086(b):the policy of the VCBB is to reserve an allocation for each geographic
allocations.		area represented by the existing CUDs and to
		recognize and review grant applications in the context
Change: See above		of those allocations as they are presented and
(Policy statement for		designated by the VCBB as project ready and
how to deal with		consistent with VCBB policy.
Subsection (b)— as		' '
proposed.)		
(6) Provide consumers	This priority has not been addressed except by generalized certification in	Affordable Service Planning and Reporting. It is the
with affordable service	the application process.	policy of the VCBB to require broadband service
options		providers utilizing assets funded by the Community
		Broadband Fund to create an outreach and equity plan
Change: This is a policy		for the inclusion of low income households prior to
that implements an		the completion of funded construction, and to
operations priority and		participate in and promote to all consumers any
survives the grant		applicable subsidy programs available to reduce
payout.		service costs to low income households served by the
		grantee. The grantee shall annually produce for the
		review of the VCBB an audited balance sheet and shall
		include (a) the rate tiers offered to consumers, (b) the
		total number of customers in each rate tier, (c) the
		number of customers for that reporting year receiving
		subsidies, and (d) the total amount of subsidies
		received for that reporting year. Within twelve months
		of generating revenue from broadband service
		utilizing assets funded by the Community Broadband
		Fund that exceed operating expenses by five percent,
		the participating service provider shall also include in
		its annual report a proposal for offering reduced rates
		to qualified customers. This obligation of the grant
		agreement shall survive the delivery of grant funds for
		a period of years from the date of the grant
		award.
(7) Include public		No separate policy is required given the
broadband assets that	This priority is inherent in the growth and link budget standards stated in	construction/engineering criteria. Consider, however,
can be shared by	the OPD	

multiple service whether an operations policy that imp providers and that can support a variety of whether an operations policy that imp interoperability and shared infrastructions.	
support a variety of	ure is advised?
public purposes	
Implied Accountability Requirements to Protect the Public Interest	
Legislative Findings and Intent	
Section 8081	
(1) the Vermont The Construction RFP includes numerous accountability measures. These In order to tackle the enormity of the construction RFP includes numerous accountability measures.	objectives of Act
Community Broadband were incorporated into both the Maple and SoVT Grant Agreements at 71, and to ensure acceleration of community Broadband	•
Fund to support policies Attachment F; SoVT-Attachment G-1, respectively. broadband efforts, the VCBB has adop	•
and programs designed Named Act 71 Attestations requirement from Construction RFP, Section following policies for purposes of Construction RFP, Section	
to accelerate (I) awards:	30tion oranic
community efforts that (a) Prioritization of On-Grid Locations.	In support of
advance the State's goal accelerating community efforts that acceleration community efforts that accel	• •
of achieving universal State's goal of achieving universal accelerating community enorts that acceleration community eno	
access to reliable, high-	-
quality, affordable, fixed pursuant to Subsection 8086(a) and pr	•
broadband use of existing private resource pursual	•
the policy of the VCBB is to prioritize gr	• •
	_
broadband service to locations that are	e served by the
electric grid.	6
(b) <u>Prioritizing Fiber Plant</u> . While the de	
broadband under the Act, as amended	
service by wire or radio that delivers so	•
of at least 100/100 gbps, it is the police	•
prioritize the funding fiber networks the	_
infrastructure, including the use of util	
power in the public right of way, and p	
highest standard of reliability, resilience	
interoperability to accelerate the deliv	ery of
broadband service. Radio fixed wireles	ss is an
acceptable means of delivering broads	oand service
where it meets the VCBB's standards f	or
accountability for the public interest, in	ncluding but not
limited to reliability, resiliency, and into	_

	VCBB Board will not accept self-certification by the applicant or grantee to establish accountability for the public interest obligations of construction and operation of assets paid for in whole or in part Community Broadband Fund.	
(2) to establish the	The Agency of Administration of the State of Vermont,	
Vermont Community	in its opinion regarding the Creation of Broadband	
Broadband Board to	Programs Using Federal Funds, dated March 13, 2023,	
coordinate, facilitate,	has determined that new programs funded through	
support, and accelerate	the federally funded BEAD grants are subject to the	
the development and	policies and procedures of the VCBB Board. The VCBB	
implementation of	Board will apply its existing policies as possible and	
universal community	develop new policies as required. Subgrant programs	
broadband solutions.	under BEAD or DEI federally funded programs will be	
	subject to policy review by the VCBB Board.	



Vermont's Draft Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment Plan

DRAFT Five-Year Action Plan and Initial Proposal Volume 1

Agenda

- Overview of Vermont's Internet for All Plans
- Summary of the BEAD Five-Year Action Plan
- Summary of the BEAD Initial Proposal Volume 1
- Discussion
- Next steps



BEAD Parts and Process





Final Proposal

BEAD Five Year Action Plan

BEAD Initial Proposal Volume 1

BEAD Initial Proposal Volume 2 (forthcoming)

What's included (summary)

- Vision, goals, objectives
- Current state of broadband and digital inclusion
- Challenges to overcome for successful implementation of the plan
- Summary of stakeholder engagement activities
- Implementation Plan

- Initial identification of unserved and underserved locations
- Definition of community anchor institutions classification applied
- Proposed pre-challenge process location modifications (e.g., the proposed deduplication process)
- Proposed challenge process

- Long-term objectives
- Stakeholder engagement process
- Detailed plan for use of BEAD funds, including competitive subgrantee process, workforce development, and climate risk assessment.
- Intended use of the 20% of total funding allocation that is made available upon NTIA's approval of the Initial Proposal



Important Notes for Context

- These drafts continue to evolve. There is feedback we have received from NTIA that we are continuing to address; it will evolve further during the public comment period.
- These drafts will be updated with the most recent FCC and survey data prior to their release for public comment.
- The subgrantee selection process is established in Initial Proposal Volume II. It is not included in these documents.
- The Digital Equity Plan will go into much greater detail on proposed solutions to address affordability and accessibility barriers to Internet adoption and use.

Draft BEAD Five-Year Action Plan

Draft for Board Feedback



Vision

Every Vermonter in an unserved or underserved area gains access to broadband at speeds of at least 100/100 Mbps, and that Vermonters understand the value Internet connectivity can offer and have the devices and skills they need to meaningfully take advantage of it. Vermont is working toward this vision through coordinating, facilitating, supporting, and accelerating community broadband solutions.

Goals



Mobilize resources for end-to-end fiber broadband infrastructure deployments to all unserved and underserved locations and community anchor institutions



Ensure sustainable, community-driven solutions across the entire State.



Ensure high-speed broadband services and devices are affordable and advance digital equity for all Vermonters



Enhance workforce development for broadband and the digital economy



Improve socioeconomic conditions across Vermont



Current State

Access

 Approximately 20% of households (70,034 out of 352,588 households) lack access to 100/20 Mbps or better broadband connectivity

Deployment

- Greatest concentration of unserved and underserved communities are in southern and northeastern Vermont
- Anticipated labor shortages in several positions that will be critical to successfully deploy BEAD funds

Adoption

- 73% of Vermont households have a fixed broadband Internet subscription
- Lower rates of subscription among certain demographics (e.g., 60+ years old)

Affordability

- 17% of eligible Vermont households have enrolled in the ACP
- 23,260 Vermont households have access to the Internet but cannot afford it

Digital Equity

- Less than 10% of the VCBB's public survey respondents identified affordability of devices and confidence in digital skills as a barrier
- 18.8% of Vermonters lack access to a computer at home.



Goal: Mobilize resources for end-to-end fiber broadband infrastructure deployments to all unserved and underserved locations and CAIs in Vermont.

- Indicators of success by December 31, 2028
 - 100/100 Mbps broadband or better available in 100 percent of currently unserved and underserved on-grid locations.
 - 100/20 Mbps broadband or better available in 100 percent of currently unserved and underserved off-grid locations.
 - One Gbps symmetrical broadband is available to 100 percent of CAls.

Goal: Ensure sustainable, community-driven solutions across the entire State.

- Indicators of success by December 31, 2028
 - 100 percent of BEAD subgrantees have documented meaningful community support or partnerships.

Goal: Enhance workforce development for broadband and the digital economy

- Indicators of Success by December 31, 2028
 - 100 new jobs in broadband created in Vermont.
 - 80% of new jobs in broadband filled by Vermont residents.

Indicators of Success

Indicators of Success for Goals

- Goal: Ensure high-speed broadband services and devices are affordable and advance digital equity for all Vermonters
 - Indicators of success by December 31, 2028
 - 80 percent of households subscribe to fixed broadband.
 - 60 percent of eligible households signed up for a broadband service subsidy (e.g., ACP).
 - 95 percent of households own a laptop, tablet, or personal computer.
 - 80 percent of population surveyed reports confidence in their digital literacy.
 - 80 percent of ACP eligible households own a laptop, tablet, or personal computer.
 - All Vermonters can choose from multiple service plan options and price points.
 - Indicators of success by December 31, 2030
 - 90 percent of households subscribe to fixed broadband.
 - 70 percent of eligible households signed up for a broadband service subsidy (e.g., ACP).



Goal: Improve socio-economic conditions across Vermont

 Since this is a long-term goal there are no 5-year indicators/metrics to assess, but VCBB will monitor indicators in multiple sectors to gauge indirect impact of broadband expansion on socio-economic conditions. These include:

Economic:

- Unemployment rate.
- Number of remote workers.
- Household income level.
- Population change (gain/loss).

Health:

- Utilization rates of telehealth services.
- Life expectancy.

Education:

- High school graduation rates.
- Student performance on standardized test scores.



Indicators

for Goals

of Success

Existing Funding

Broadband Related Category	Total	Committed/ Expended	Available	Remaining % of Available
Approved Deployment and Non-Deployment Activities	\$559,185,933	\$165,088,621	\$394,097,312	86.7%
Affordability Programs	\$41,770,080	\$7,575,840	\$34,194,240	7.6%
Planning, Administrative, or Overhead	\$18,000,000	\$0	\$18,000,000	4.0%
Public Connectivity	\$10,792,000	\$2,721,919	\$8,070,081	1.8%
Grand Total	\$629,748,013	\$175,386,380	\$454,361,633	100%

Inclusive of Vermont's \$228.9M BEAD allocation, the State has approximately \$394.1M in existing funding which is available for extending high-speed broadband infrastructure to unserved and underserved locations and CAIs.



Stakeholder Engagement Summary (as of July 10, 2023)

- 6 VCBB-organized in-person events (80 attendees total)
- 2 virtual events (65 attendees total)
- 4 community events attended
- 44 RFI responses
- 150+ pieces of email feedback received
- 1,975 survey responses received
- 60+ individual meetings held with stakeholder organizations including all CUDs and major ISPs, other relevant departments and agencies, and interested community-based organizations

Issues to Overcome for Successful Implementation

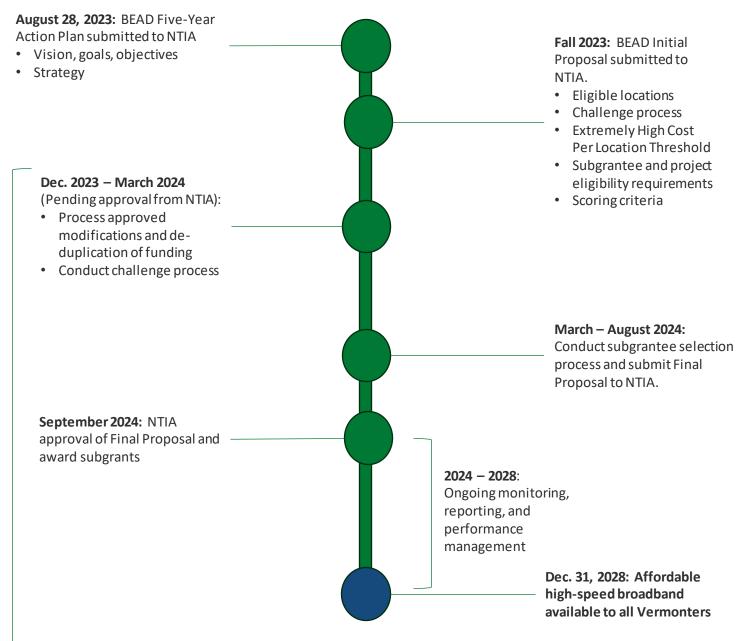
- While all reconcilable, Vermont faces three main categories of issues in implementing its BEAD plan:
 - Institutional: Serving historically marginalized and difficult-toreach populations, ensuring CUDs have capacity to deploy networks and can provide affordable service in a commercially-sustainable way
 - Legal: Balancing compliance with federal statutory requirements to conduct an open and competitive subgrantee selection process while staying true to the municipal CUD structures and community-driven vision of Act 71
 - Economic: Supply chain challenges and labor shortages, tracking and maximizing all available sources of broadband funding, limited funding coupled with Vermont's challenging terrain and low population density





Estimated Timeline

Timing is dependent on approvals from NTIA





Estimated Cost

The estimated cost of extending fiber to Vermont's 49,773 unserved and underserved locations (excluding RDOF funded locations) is \$500-700M.

BEAD, ARPA, subgrantee matches, and other funding sources will cover this cost.

Three important variables for ensuring that sufficient funds are available:

- The cost of extending end-to-end fiber connectivity to each unserved and underserved location in the State;
- The amount of matching funds that will be offered by prospective BEAD subgrantees (i.e., how much subgrantees will offer above the statutory minimum of 25% and if the State of Vermont can contribute any additional resources); and
- The amount of funds that the State will set aside to cover any cost overruns (i.e., to account for inflation, supply chain challenges, labor shortages, etc.) or encourage subgrantees to include in their proposed budgets.

This approach prioritizes quality, scalability, and reliability.



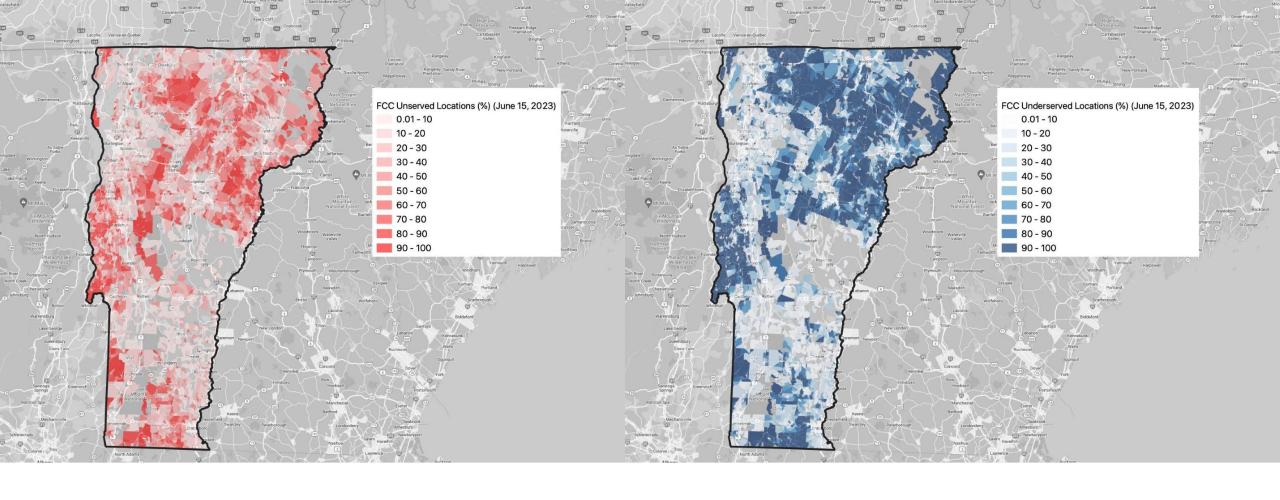
Draft Initial Proposal Volume 1



What's in Volume 1

- Initial identification of unserved and underserved locations
- Definition of community anchor institutions classification applied
- Proposed pre-challenge process location modifications (e.g., the proposed deduplication process)
- Proposed challenge process





FCC Maps of Unserved and Underserved Locations (as of June 15, 2023)



Community Anchor Institutions

Vermont's List of Community Anchor Institution Types:

K-12 schools

Higher education institutions (such as University of Vermont, and Community College of Vermont)

Workforce development organizations (such as VT Department of Labor locations, Working Fields, and Pathways VT)

Adult education agencies (such as VT Adult Education, and Central Vermont Adult Basic Education)

Libraries

Health clinics, health centers, hospitals, and other medical providers

Public safety entities (such as police departments, fire departments, and EMS headquarters, Red Cross emergency shelter locations)

Public housing (such as housing and urban development-assisted housing)

Neighborhood organizations and community centers, including community centers and neighborhood gathering spaces located on Tribal lands

Houses of worship (such as churches, synagogues, mosques, and temples)

Local and/or state government buildings (such as town halls, city halls, town clerk offices, and courthouses)

Housing shelters (such as COTS)

Social service agencies (such as Age Well)

Correctional facilities and juvenile detention centers

Public outdoor spaces (such as community gardens and Park and Rides)

Public access television station facilities



Challenge Process

Prior to Challenge Process: VCBB Challenges FCC Data on Unserved and Underserved Locations

This effort yielded corrections and improvements to the data, adjusting the State's allocation of BEAD funding.



Phase 1: Publication of Eligible Locations

Prior to beginning the Challenge Phase, the broadband office will publish the set of locations eligible for BEAD funding, which consists of the locations resulting from the activities outlined in Modifications to Location Classifications and Deduplication of Funding.



Phase 2: Challenge

A representative of one of the permissible challengers submits a challenge to VCBB, using an online portal maintained by VCBB. Challengers will have 30 calendar days to submit a challenge from the time the initial list of unserved and underserved locations, CAIs, and existing enforceable commitments are posted.



Phase 3: Rebuttal

The challenged service provider may rebut the reclassification of a location or area with evidence, causing the location(s) to enter a "disputed" state. If a challenge is not rebutted, it is substantiated. If a provider agrees with the challenge, it moves to the "sustained" state.



Phase 4: Final Determination

If the challenge for a location is in the "disputed" state, VCBB will make the final determination of the classification of the location, either declaring the challenge "sustained" or "rejected".



Thank you. We look forward to your feedback.





District Update June 2023

- Completed 25.7 miles/304 passings
 - Service launched in February 2023
 - 60 customers installed to date
 - Take rate 19.7% after 4 months (vs projection 19.4% after 12 months)
 - Actual ARPU within \$1 of 2022 projections
- 129.9 miles in progress in Cornwall, Shoreham, Orwell, Whiting, Salisbury, Leicester
- Phase 1 total of 155.6 miles will be active by Q1 2024



Impact of Competition

- GoNetspeed has extended service to portions of Cornwall and Shoreham
- Fidium (Consolidated) is in the final stages of service activation in Middlebury and Ripton
- The majority of planned Maple Broadband Phase 3 will be served in the near future by Fidium



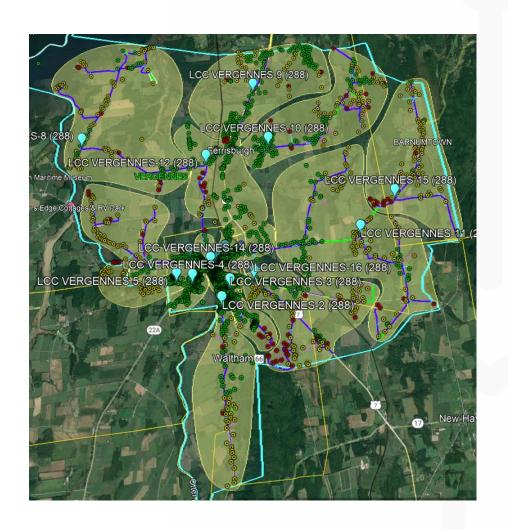
Impacts to Business Plan

- Size of planned network reduced to avoid overbuild of new fiber
- Smaller footprint
 - 374 miles (reduced from 595)
 - Remaining footprint lower cost (more aerial, less complex make-ready)
 - Mainline capex requirement reduced by \$10M
 - Cost per mile lower as a result
- Projections updated with actual costs
 - Actual construction costs +/- 10-15% lower than expected
- Net results
 - Plan to complete remaining 218.6 mainline miles with Act 71 construction funds by mid-2024
 - Remainder of build to be completed with BEAD in 2025
 - Staff levels will be reduced in 2026
 - Strong, viable business



Planned Phase 2

- Underserved areas of Ferrisburgh, Waltham, Monkton, and New Haven
- 88.7 miles
- 612 unserved/underserved passings





Grant Request

- \$2,157,386 (remainder of Act 71 allocation)
- Increase miles from 180.6 to 244.3
- Increase addresses passed from 1,188 to 2,748
- Add service in portions of Vergennes, Ferrisburgh, New Haven, Monkton, and Waltham



Updated Budget

Sums in 1000's	Current Grant	Proposed Amendment
Capex (make-ready, mainline, hubs & electronics, drops, quality assurance/OPR)	\$8,535	\$9,911
Maintenance capex	\$62	\$133
Construction-related operating expenses (pole rentals, network insurance, etc)	\$89	\$95
Phase 3 materials	\$0	\$577
Contingency	\$0	\$490
Total	\$8,686	\$11,206



Thank you

