

How to single-space text

- Normally, the styling of the website indicates a space between paragraphs.

Body

The screenshot shows a WYSIWYG text editor interface with a toolbar at the top containing various icons for source code, cut, copy, paste, find, and style. Below the toolbar is a toolbar with bold (B), italic (I), underline (U), strikethrough (S), and other styling options. The main content area contains two paragraphs of placeholder text (Lorem ipsum). The first paragraph starts with a line break, while the second paragraph begins directly after the first. The bottom of the editor shows a status bar with the text "body p span".

body p span

- Every time you press “return” in the text editor, it thinks you are starting a new paragraph.

Body

The screenshot shows a WYSIWYG text editor interface with a toolbar at the top containing various icons for source code, cut, copy, paste, find, and style. Below the toolbar is a toolbar with bold (B), italic (I), underline (U), strikethrough (S), and other styling options. The main content area contains two paragraphs of text. Both paragraphs are preceded by a line break, indicating they are separate paragraphs. The bottom of the editor shows a status bar with the text "body p".

body p

- Sometimes, though, you may not want this space to appear between lines. A common case might be an address.

Body

The screenshot shows a WYSIWYG editor interface with a toolbar at the top containing various buttons for font style, size, and alignment. Below the toolbar is a text area containing three lines of text: "Vermont Department of Public Service", "112 State Street Third Floor", and "Montpelier, VT 05620-2601". The text is formatted as a single paragraph. At the bottom of the editor window, there is a status bar with the text "body p".

Vermont Department of Public Service
112 State Street Third Floor
Montpelier, VT 05620-2601

body p

- In this case, you can press “shift-return” instead. This will start a new line without starting a new paragraph.

Body

The screenshot shows a WYSIWYG editor interface with a toolbar at the top containing various buttons for font style, size, and alignment. Below the toolbar is a text area containing three lines of text: "Vermont Department of Public Service", "112 State Street Third Floor", and "Montpelier, VT 05620-2601". Each line is preceded by a small amount of vertical space, indicating they are separate paragraphs. At the bottom of the editor window, there is a status bar with the text "body p".

Vermont Department of Public Service
112 State Street Third Floor
Montpelier, VT 05620-2601

body p

- If you're curious about the code, the difference here is between `<p>` tags, which indicate a new paragraph, and `
` tags, which indicate only a line break.

Body

The screenshot shows a WYSIWYG editor interface with a toolbar at the top. The toolbar includes buttons for Source, Undo, Redo, Find, Replace, and various styling options like Bold, Italic, Underline, and Strike-through. Below the toolbar is a text area containing three paragraphs of text:

```
<p>Vermont Department of Public Service</p>
<p>112 State Street Third Floor</p>
<p>Montpelier, VT 05620-2601</p>
```

Body

The screenshot shows a WYSIWYG editor interface with a toolbar at the top. The toolbar includes buttons for Source, Undo, Redo, Find, Replace, and various styling options like Bold, Italic, Underline, and Strike-through. Below the toolbar is a text area containing three paragraphs of text, each ending with a line break (`
`):

```
<p>Vermont Department of Public Service<br />
112 State Street Third Floor<br />
Montpelier, VT 05620-2601</p>
```